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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Private Limited.

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Private Limited. ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, [in which are incorporated the Returns for the year ended on that date audited by the branch auditors of the Company's branches at (location of the branches)]

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs(financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements are free

from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2018, and its profit/loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows the for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The company does not have any branches.
 - d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

- e) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. The Company not issued dividend from inspection of the company, hence transfer of funds not arising.

For Sukumar Babu & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No: 004188S)

C. Sukumar Babu Partner Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

Annexure – "A " to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date)

- i. The company does not have any fixed assets, hence reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(i) are not applicable.
- ii. As the company is not engages in the business of infrastructure and there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable.
- iv. The Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits in terms of the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. Therefore the paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi. The Company is prima-facie maintaining the cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company does not have any tax liability. Therefore the paragraph 3(vii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- viii. The company has not taken any loan or borrowings from any financial institution or Government. The company has not issued debentures. Therefore the paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- ix. Money raised by way of term loan were applied for the purpose for which it was raised. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer.
- x. According to the information and explanation given to us by the management which have been relied by us, there were no frauds on or by the company noticed or reported during the period under audit.

- xi. The company has not paid any managerial remuneration. Therefore the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.
- xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information provided to use, the transaction entered with the related partied are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and are disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and according to the information provided to us, the company had not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information provided to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or the persons connected with him covered under section 192 of the Companies Act 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xvi. According to the information provided to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

For Sukumar Babu & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No.004188S)

C. Sukumar Babu Partner Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018			(Amount in Rs
Particulars	Note	March 31 ,2018	March 31 ,2017
I ASSETS			
1) Non-current Assets			
Financial Assets			
Investments	3	680,379,127	360,910,00
Total Non-Current Assets		680,379,127	360,910,000
2) Current Assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	287,398	288,44
Total Current Assets		287,398	288,443
TOTAL ASSETS		680,666,525	361,198,443
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity Share capital	5	276,010,000	276,010,00
 b) Instruments entirely equity in nature c) Other equity 	5.6	404,469,127	85,000,00
c) Other equity Total Equity	6	(2,734,131)	(2,694,16
		677,744,996	358,315,834
Liabilities			
1) Non-current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities		1	
Other financial liabilities	7	2,909,729	2,872,60
Total Non-Current Liabilities		2,909,729	2,872,609
			_,
2) Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	7	11,800	10,000
Total Current Liabilities		11,800	10,000
Total Liabilities (1+2)	-	2,921,529	2,882,609
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	╞	680,666,525	361,198,443
orporate information and Significant accounting policies	1&2		
ee accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements s per our report of even date attached			
or Sukumar Babu & Co.,		For and on behalf of th	e Board
hartered Accountants			
irm Regn. No. 004188S)	,		Audial lida
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Sukumar Babu	K. Nara	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	K. Jalandhar Reddy
rtner han a han	Director		Director

Membership No: 024293 Place : Hyderabad Date : 23-05-2018

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DIN No: 00382412 DIN No: 00434911

Particulars I Revenue from Operations II Other income III Total Revenue (I + II) IV Expenses Finance costs Other expenses (IV) V Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV) VI Exceptional items VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI) VIII Tax expense 1) Current tax 2) Deferred tax IX Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations (VII - VIII) XIV Other Comprehensive Income a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss XV Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XIII+XIV) XVI Earnings per equity share (In Rs.) 1) Basic	Note	March 31, 2018 - - - 1,045 38,920 39,965 (39,965) - (39,965) - (39,965) - (39,965) - (39,965)	March 31, 2017
II Other income III Total Revenue (I + II) IV Expenses Finance costs Other expenses (IV) V Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV) VI Exceptional items VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI) VIII Tax expense 1) Current tax 2) Deferred tax IX Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations (VII - VIII) XIV Other Comprehensive Income a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss XV Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XIII+XIV) XVI Earnings per equity share (In Rs.) 1) Basic		38,920 39,965 (39,965) - - - (39,965) - (39,965) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	10,6 10,9 (10,9 (10,9) - - - - - (10,9) (10,9)
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XVI Earnings per equity share (In Rs.) 1) Basic		(39,965)	
1) Basic		((10,9
1) Basic	15		
	1.5	(4.00)	(1
2) Diluted		(4.00)	(1)
Corporate information and Significant accounting policies	182		
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 * * * *	l	
As per our report of even date attached			
For Sukumar Babu & Co.,	For and	on behalf of the Board	
Chartered Accountants			$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
(ICAI Registration No. 004188S)			tandhal hed
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CONTRACTOR AND	IZATI	ADAAN N	
C.Sukumar Babu	K. Nara	simha Reddy	K. Jalandhar Redd
Partner	Director		Director
Membership No: 024293	DIN No:		DIN No: 00434911
Place : Hyderabad			

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KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Private Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2018

A - Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Number of Shares	Amount in Rs.
Balance as at April 01, 2016	10,000	100,000
Add: Equity shares allotted during the year		-
Balance as at March 31, 2017	10,000	100,000
Balance as at April 01, 2017	10,000	100,000
Add: Equity shares allotted during the year	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2018	10,000	100,000
9% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference	Number of	Amount in Rs.
Shares of 10/ Each issued, subscribed and fully	Shares	
paid		
At April 01, 2016	27,591,000	275,910,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	· · ·	-
At March 31, 2017	27,591,000	275,910,000
At April 01, 2017	27,591,000	275,910,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	_	-
<u>At March 31, 2018</u>	27,591,000	275,910,000
B - Instrument entirely equity in Nature		(Amount in Rs.
At 1 April, 2016		85,000,000
Addition during the year		05,000,000
Less: Adjustment/deletion		-
At 31 March, 2017	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	85,000,000
At 1 April, 2017		85,000,000
Addition during the year		319,469,127
Less: Adjustment/deletion		-
At 31 March, 2018		404,469,127
C - Other Equity		(Amount in Rs.

Particulars	Retained Earning	Other items of Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2016	(2,683,201)	-	(2,683,201)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	(10,965)	-	(10,965)
Balance as at March 31, 2017	(2,694,166)	-	(2,694,166)
Balance as at April 01, 2017	(2,694,166)	-	(2,694,166)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	(39,965)	-	(39,965)
Balance as at March 31, 2018	(2,734,131)	-	(2,734,131)

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants (ICAI Registration No. 004188S)

C.Sukumar Babu Partner Membership No: 024293 Place : Hyderabad Date : 23-05-2018 For and on behalf of the Board

K alandhal leddy

K. Narasimha Reddy Director DIN No: 00382412

K. Jalandhar Reddy Director DIN No: 00434911

	R Muzaffarpur Holdings Private Limited sh Flow Statement for the year ended March 31,2018		
	sh flow Statement for the year ended March 51,2010		(Amount in Rs.)
	Particulars	March 31 ,2018	March 31 ,2017
A)	Cash flow from Operating Activities		
	Profit before tax	(39,965)	(10,965)
	Adjustments for :		
	Interest Income	(39,965)	(10,965)
	Operating profit before working capital changes Changes in working capital	(39,903)	(10,903)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other financial assets	-	-
	Increase/(Decrease) in Other financial liabilities	38,920	10,620
	Cash generated/ (used) from Operations	(1,045)	(345)
	Income Taxes (paid) / Refunds	-	
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A)	(1,045)	(345)
B)	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	- Net change in investment (FV of ICL)	(319,469,127)	-
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B)	(319,469,127)	-
C)	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
•	- Instrument entirely equity in nature (FV of unsecured Loan)	319,469,127	-
	Net Cash Flows from / (used in) Financing Activities- (C)	319,469,127	
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C)	(1,045)	(345)
	Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	288.443	288.788
	Cash & Cash Equivalents as at end of the year(Refer Note 1)	287,398	288,443
No			
T	Cash & Cash equivalents includes:	100,000	100,000
	Bank Balance -Current Account	187.398	188.443
2	The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indirect Method stated in Ind flows by operating, investing and financing activities.	d-AS7 on Cash Flow Statement	s and presents the cash
_			
3	Previous vear's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary.		
4	Figures in brackets represent cash outflows.		
	accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	<u>ii </u>	
	per our report of even date attached Sukumar Babu & Co.,	For and on behalf of the B	hard 1.00
	rtered Accountants		
(Fin	n Regn. No. 004188S) 🦷 🥂 👯 🔍		- Wint min
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\sim	TKumar Babu	V TI WOUTH I	K Jalandhan Boddu
	ner Statu	K. Narasimha Réddy	K. Jalandhar Reddy Director
	nbership No: 024293	DIN No: 00382412	DIN No: 00434911
Plac	e : Hyderabad		
Date	e : 23-05-2018		

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1. Corporate Information:

The company has been incorporated in October 21, 2011 as a private limited company and its registered office at KNR House, 4th Floor Plot No. 114, Phase-I, Kavuri Hills Hyderabad. This company is subsidiary of KNRC Holdings & Investments private limited and KNR Construction limited is the ultimate holding company.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Basis of Preparation & Presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

2.3 Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable, as per the operating cycle of the Company as per Schedule III to the Act.

2.4 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures certain financial instruments and other items in its financial statements at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within fair value hierarchy based on the low level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (observable inputs).

Level 3 – Inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

2.5 Investment in Subsidiaries

On initial recognition, these investments are recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequently, they are measured at cost.

2.6 Financial instruments

i. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial asset is

- Cash / Equity Instrument of another Entity,
- Contractual right to
 - a) receive Cash / another Financial Asset from another Entity, or

b) exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Entity.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

Amortized cost;

– FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities

Financial liability is Contractual Obligation to

- deliver Cash or another Financial Asset to another Entity, or
 - exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Entity

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

ii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

iii. Impairment

Impairment of financial instruments

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost
- Trade receivables

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances are considered as cash and cash equivalents.

2.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised only when:

a) An entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event

b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and

c) A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Reimbursement expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

2.9 Contingent liability, Contingent Assets and Commitments

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- a) A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- b) A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. Commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for

b) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.

c) Other commitments related to sales/procurements made in the normal course of business are not disclosed to avoid excessive details.

Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

2.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue can be recognised when

(a) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

(b) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company;

Other Income

Interest income: Finance income is accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable Effective interest rate (EIR). Other income is accounted for on accrual basis. Where the receipt of income is uncertain, it is accounted for on receipt basis.

Other Items of Income: Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

2.11 Cash Flow Statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with Ind AS 7 by using indirect method by segregating as cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Under the Cash flow from operating activities, the net profit is adjusted for the effects of Non-cash items, Changes in working capital and other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) are reflected as such in the Cash Flow Statement. Those amounts which are not considered in cash and cash equivalents as on the date of Balance Sheet are included in investing activities.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are shortterm balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition).

2.12 Earnings per share

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

• the profit attributable to owners of the company

• by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury share.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

• the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

• The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.13 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.14 Key accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), income and expenses. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Estimates include the property plant and equipment, inventory, future obligations in respect of retirement benefit plans, provisions, fair value measurement and taxes etc.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financials assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model, which involve various judgments and assumptions.

March 31, 2018	
Υ	
	5 - Equity Share Capital
865'287	lejoT
100,000	puer no rised
865,781	in current accounts
March 31, 2018	
•	2 Cash and Cash Equivalents
221.975.088	Total Investments
324,909,127	Unquoted trade investments at fair value (Amortised cost): Investment in Subsidiary (Fair value of unsecured ioan) (Refer note : 16)
000'04 * '55£	Von-current Unquoted trade investments at cost in: Equity instruments of subsidiarles: 3,55,47,000 (p.Y 3,55,47,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid 3,55,47,000 (p.Y 3,55,47,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid
A March 31, 2018	
•	3 - Investments
	KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

KNBC Holdir 10000 10000 10000 10000 Name of the o slisted S.Z equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. 5.1 The Company has only two class of shares referred to as equity shares and preference shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- . Each holder of 276,010,000 276,010,000 letoT Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNRC Holdings and Investments Private Limited) 2,75,91,000 9% Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of 10/- each 000'016'522 275,910,000 100,000 100,000 000,000,085 000,000,08 Authorised Share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each 20,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each 2,79,90,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 10/-000'006'622 100,000 100,000 March 31, 2017 8102 ' ts 2A (.eA ni JnuomA) 288,443 86E'28Z 100,000 100,000 862'281 188,443

100'000 **Kupees** Number of Equity Shares at the beginning 100,000 10,000 10,000 No. of Shares seequs ni truomA No. of Shares The reconclisition of the vert is set out below: **S.1** The reconclisition of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the vert is set out below: **S.1 S.1 S.1** _ _

Name of Shareholder	Relationship	4o. of Shares eld	ni tnuomA 299au7	No. of Shares held	səəqusi ni truomA
		neM to 2A	8102 'TE L	neM te eA	2102 '18 4
	t of each class in the company netd by its l iates of the holding company or the ultima			ersäz gaibuloni ynsqmo	s µeiq pλ or pλ
the end of the year		000'165'22	575,910,000	000'165'22	000'016'5/2
Less: Number of Shares E	ulative Redeemable Preference Shares at	-	-	<u>.</u>	-
sensed to redmuN -:bbA	panssi sare	-	•	-	•
Number of Non-Cumulativ the beginning	ulative Redeemable Preference Shares at	000'165'22	000'016'5/2	000'165'27	575,910,000
Number of Equity Shares	hares at the end of the year	000'01	000'001	000'01	100'000
Less: Number of Shares		-	-	-	-
Add:- Number of Shares	המוצא לאוגע האיר המוניים לאוגיים האיר האיר האיר האיר האיר האיר האיר האיר	-	-	-	-

Loan from related parties (Refer note : 16) KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd., JKM Infra Projects Ltd., 000'000'58 277'69¢'67£ 000'000'58 March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 16 2A (.eg ni thuoma) 5.6 Instruments Entirely equity in nature Private Limited

100,000

000'000'58 271'697'707 Balance at the end of the period

10,000

YnsdmoD pnibloH

KNRC Holding & Investments

)KM Infra Projects Ltd.,	000'165'27	%001	000'165'22	%00T
rsbioriaters and to ameN	No. of Shares	pləd %	No. of Shares	pjəy %
	Horem 35 2A	31, 2018	E doneM to at March	2102 '18

5.3 Details of 9% Non- cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares held by each shareholders holding more than 5% of total NCRPS

	saugus Annba	PION 10 % C UPUN ƏJOLI DUIDIOU S	of Equity Shares held by each shareholder
LE Hore at March 31,	8102 '18	As at March 31, 2	
No. of Shares	ріәц %	No. of Shares	re shareholder
10,000	%00T	10,000	ings and Investments Pvt. Ltd.,

March 31, 2017 JE 2A (.2A ni JnuomA)

March 31, 2017

(.eA ni JnuomA)

360,910,000

000'0++'S 322,470,000 16 2A

100'000

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10,000

6 - Other Equity

		(Amount in Rs.
	As	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the period	(2,694,166)	(2,683,20)
Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period	(39,965)	(10,965
	(2,734,131)	(2,694,166
Total(a+b)	(2,734,131)	(2,694,166
(0(a(3+0)	(2,734,131)	(2,034,100
- Other Financial Liabilities		
		(Amount in Rs.
	As	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
• • • • •		
ion-current		
From related parties (Refer note : 16)		
	193,657	156,53
From related parties (Refer note : 16)	193,657 499,572	
From related parties (Refer note : 16) KNR Constructions Ltd., KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd., JKM Infra Projects Ltd.,		499,57
From related parties (Refer note : 16) KNR Constructions Ltd., KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	499,572	499,572 2,216,500
From related parties (Refer note : 16) KNR Constructions Ltd., KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd., JKM Infra Projects Ltd., Total Non-Current Other Financial Liabilities	499,572 2,216,500	499,572 2,216,500
From related parties (Refer note : 16) KNR Constructions Ltd., KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd., JKM Infra Projects Ltd., Total Non-Current Other Financial Liabilities	499,572 2,216,500	156,537 499,572 2,216,500 2,872,605 10,000
KNR Constructions Ltd., KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd., JKM Infra Projects Ltd., Total Non-Current Other Financial Liabilities	499,572 2,216,500 2,909,729	499,572 2,216,500 2,872,609

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8 Finance Costs

8 Finance Costs			(Amount in Rs.)
	,	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Interest Expense on Fair Value of USL		-	-
Bank Charges		1,045	345
Total		1,045	345

9 Other Expenses

9 Other Expenses		(Amount in Rs.)
	Year ended	Year ended
Legal & Professional Charges	<u>March 31, 2018</u> 26,500	March 31, 2017 -
Audit Fee Filing Fees / Certification fee	11,800 620	10,000 620
Total	38,920	10,620

10 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and for the future development of the Company. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return on capital to shareholders or issue of new shares.

11 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management A. Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

March 31, 2018			(Amount in Rs.)				(Amount in Rs.)
		Carrying amount				Fair Value	
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount	Levei 1	Level 2	Levei 3	Total
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		287,398	287,398		-	-	-
	-	287,398	287,398	-	- 1	-	-
Financial liabilities		<u> </u>					
Other financial liabilities	-	2,921,529	2,921,529		-	2,921,529	2,921,529
	-	2,921,529	2,921,529	-	-	2.921.529	2,921,529

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

March 31, 2017			(Amount in Rs.)					(Amount in Rs.)
	Carrying amount				Fair Value			
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount	Leve	el 1 Le	evel 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	288,443	288,443			-	-	-
	-	288,443	288,443	-		-	-	-
Financial liabilities								
Other financial liabilities	-	2,882,609	2,882,609			-	2,882,609	2,882,609
	-	2,882,609	2,882,609	-		-	2,882,609	2,882,609

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

11 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Contd..)

B. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- a) credit risk
- b) liquidity risk c) market risk

The company's focus is to estimate a vulnerability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial performance.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers; loans and investments in debt securities. The Company is not exposed to Credit risk as it don't have any trade receivables and loans.

b) Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company uses activity-based costing to cost its products and services, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimising its cash return on investments. Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

As at March 31, 2018 (Amount in Rs.) **Contractual Cash flows** Particulars Total **Carrying Amount** Upto 1 year 1 to 3 Years More than 3 years Non-derivative financial liabilities Other financial liabilities 2,921,529 11,800 2,909,729 2,921,529 2,921,529 11,800 2,909,729 2,921,529

As at March 31, 2017					
Contractual Cash flows				(Amount in Rs.)	
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Other financial liabilities	2,882,609	10,000	-	2,872,609	2,882,609
	2,882,609	10,000	-	2,872,609	2,882,609

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no borrowing or no material payables in foreign currency

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to Interest rate risk as it has no variable interest bearing borrowings.

iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to Price risk as it has no investments.

12. Contingent Liability and Commitments: Nil

13. Segment Reporting

There are no reportable segments as per Ind AS 108.

14. Auditor's remuneration charged to the accounts:

		Amount In Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year Ended March 31, 2017
Audit fees	11,800	10,000

15. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 33 "Earnings Per Share(EPS)"

	(Ar	mount in Rs.)
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(basic)	(39,965)	(10,965)
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic)	10,000	10,000
Basic EPS	(4.00)	(1.10)
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(diluted)	(39,965)	(10,965)
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (diluted)	10,000	10,000
Diluted EPS	(4.00)	(1.10)

16. As per Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosure" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the disclosures of transactions with the Related Parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are as follows:

A. List of related parties and relationships:

S. No.	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship
1	KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	Holding Company
2	KNR Constructions Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
3	KNR Muzaffarpur Barauni Tollway Pvt. Ltd.,	Subsidiary Company
4	Mr. K. Narasimha Reddy	Director
5	Mr. K. Jalandhar Reddy	Director

B. Transactions with related parties during the year ended

			(Amount in Rs.)
Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	March 31,2018	March 31, 2017
KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	Advance received	-	620
	Instruments entirely equity in nature	31,94,69,127	-
KNR Constructions Limited	Advance received	37,120	10,000
KNR Muzaffarpur Barauni Tollway Pvt. Ltd.,	Investment in equity	-	-
	Investment (FV of Un secured Ioan)	319,469,127	-

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C. Balances outstanding

		(A	mount in Rs.)
Name of the	Nature	March 31,	March 31,
related party	transactions	2018	2017
KNR Constructions			
Limited	Unsecured advance	1,93,657	1,56,536
KNRC Holdings and	Share Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	Unsecured advance	4,99,572	4,99,572
	Instruments entirely equity in nature	31,94,69,127	-
KNR Muzaffarpur	Investment	355,470,000	355,470,000
Barauni Tollway Pvt. Ltd.,	Investment (FV of Unsecured loan)	324,909,127	5,440,000

17. Reconciliation between the Opening and Closing balances in the financial statement for Financial Liabilities and Assets arising from Financial Activities (Ind AS - 7)

	(Amount in Rs.)				
Particulars	Instruments entirely equity in nature				
Opening Balance	8,50,00,000				
Cash flows					
- Received	31,94,69,127				
- Repayment	-				
Non Cash items	-				
Closing Balance	40,44,69,127				

18. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 23, 2018

19. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

For Sukumar Babu & Co., **Chartered Accountants**

(Firm's Registration No.004188S)

K Jalandhal leddy

For and on behalf of the Board

K. Jalandhar Reddy Director DIN No: 00434911

Director DIN No: 00382412 '

C. Sukumar Babu Partner

Membership No: 024293 Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

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