

Chartered Accountants

513, 'B' Block, Aditya Enclave,

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of KNR Agrotech And Beverages Private Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **KNR Agrotech And Beverages Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2018, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs(financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the

appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31st March, 2018, and its profit/loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The company does not have any branches.
 - d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
 - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - The Company not issued dividend from inspection of the company, hence transfer of funds not arising.

For SUKUMAR BABU & CO.,

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Regn. No: 004188S)

C. SUKUMAR BABU

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

Annexure – "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report (Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date)

- a) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
 - b) The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) The title deeds of immoveable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. As the company did not procure any inventory and as such there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable.
- iv. The Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits in terms of the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. Therefore the paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- Maintenance of cost records u/s 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company does not have any tax liability. Therefore the paragraph 3(vii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- viii. The company has not taken any loan or borrowings from any financial institution or Government. The company has not issued debentures. Therefore the paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- ix. Money raised by way of term loan were applied for the purpose for which it was raised. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer.
- x. According to the information and explanation given to us by the management which have been relied by us, there were no frauds on or by the company noticed or reported during the period under audit.
- xi. The company has not paid any managerial remuneration. Therefore the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.
- xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information provided to use, the transaction entered with the related partied are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and are disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- xiv. In our opinion and according to the information provided to us, the company had not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information provided to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or the persons connected with him covered under section 192 of the Companies Act 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xvi. According to the information provided to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

For **SUKUMAR BABU & CO.,** Chartered Accountants (Firm's Regn. No.004188S)

C. SUKUMAR BABU

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

				(Amount in Rs.)
	Particulars	Note	March 31 ,2018	March 31 ,2017
	SSETS		7	
1	Non-current Assets		1	
	a) Property, plant and equipment	3	9,805,465	10,043,329
	b) Capital work-in-progress	3	10,977,883	11,332,008
	Total Non-Current Assets		20,783,348	21,375,337
2	Current Assets		1	
	a) Financial assets		1	
	i) Trade receivables	4	2,043,290	1,643,290
	ii) Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,239,805	1,045,682
	iii) Other Financial Asset	6	1,200	1,200
	b) Other current assets	7	1,048	1,048
	Total Current Assets	1 1	4,285,343	2,691,220
	TOTAL ASSETS		25.050.504	
	TOTAL ASSETS		25,068,691	24,066,557
II EQ	UITY AND LIABILITIES	1 1		
	Equity	1 1		
	a) Equity Share capital	8	100,000	100 000
	b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	8.4	1,284,740	100,000
	c) Other equity	9	3,220,617	8,394,076
	Total Equity		4,605,357	(3,932,443) 4,561,633
	Liabilities		W4 5-35 500 5	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
I)	Non-current Liabilities			
	Financial liabilities			
	Borrowings	10	2,504,262	2,302,245
	Total Non-Current Liabilities		2,504,262	2,302,245
2)	Current Liabilities		1	
- 5	Financial liabilities		ıl:	
	Other financial liabilities	11	17.050.070	47 000 455
	Total Current Liabilities	11	17,959,072	17,202,679
	and the stabilities		17,959,072	17,202,679
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		25,068,691	24,066,557
orpor	ate information and Significant accounting policies	1 & 2		
PP AC	Companying notes forming part of the financial state of			

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 004188S)

C.Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018 For and on behalf of the Board

V.Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

DIN No: 05157487

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2018 (Amount in Rs.) Year ended Year ended PARTICULARS Note March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 Revenue from Operations 1,600,000 12 3,000,000 II Other income 13 7,109,336 6,920,477 III Total Revenue (I + II) 8,709,336 9,920,477 IV Expenses Cost of Material Consumed 14 172,433 405,692 Employee benefits expense 15 196,550 174,358 Finance costs 1,282,008 16 207,894 Depreciation and amortization expense 17 591,989 850,147 Other expenses 18 387,410 916,487 Total expenses (IV) 1,556,276 3,628,692 Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV) 7,153,060 6,291,785 Exceptional items VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI) 7,153,060 6,291,785 VIII Tax expense 19 1) Current tax 418,350 2) Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods 3) Deferred tax 418,350 IX Profit (Loss) for the period (VII-VIII) 7,153,060 5,873,435 Other Comprehensive Income a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss XI Total Comprehensive Income for the period 7,153,060 5,873,435 XII Earnings per equity share: (In Rs.) 25 1) Basic 715.31 587.34

Corporate information and Significant accounting policies 1 & 2 See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

2) Diluted

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 004188S)

C.Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018 For and on behalf of the Board

715.31

V.Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

Director

DIN No: 05157487

587.34

	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	Amount in Rs. 100,000 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. Loan from Holding Company 8,394,076
	10,000 10,000	100,000 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. Loan from Holding Company
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		8,394,076
		8,394,076
		0,394,076
		(7.400.70
		(7,109,336
		1,284,740
Reserves and Surplus	Other Comprehensive items	
Particulars Particulars Retained Earning Companies (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,873,435) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Particulars Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,878) Stal Comprehensive Income for the Year (19,805,878) Retained Earning (19,805,	Other items of Other Comprehensive	Total
(9,805,878)		(9,805,878
		5,873,435
		(3,932,443
	•	(3,932,443
		7,153,060
3,220,617		3,220,617
etements		
	(9,805,878) 5,873,435 (3,932,443) (3,932,443) 7,153,060 3,220,617 etements	Reserves and Surplus Comprehensive items Other items of Other Comprehensive Income (9,805,878) 5,873,435 (3,932,443) - (3,932,443) 7,153,060 3,220,617

C.Sukumar Babu Partner Membership No: 024293 Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

V.Venu Gopal Reddy

Director DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

DIN No: 05157487

_			(Amount in Rs.)
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	Cash flow from Operating Activities	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
٠,	Profit before tax	7 152 060	5 764 705
	Adjustments for:	7.153.060	6.291,785
	Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	591.989	850.147
	(Gain)/Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	391,303	(6,920,477
	Interest Expense on Fair Value of interest free loans	202.017	1.274.707
	Finance costs	5.877	7,301
	Derecognition of Financial Liability	(7,109,336)	7,30,
	Operating profit before working capital changes	843,607	1,503,463
	Changes in working capital:	,	2/303/103
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables and prepayments	(400,000)	(294,338
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other Pavables	756.393	(2,358,870
	Cash generated/ (used) from Operations	1,200,000	(1,149,745
	Income Taxes (paid) / Refunds	1,200,000	(418,350
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A)	1,200,000	(1,568,095
	Net cash nows from / (asea iii) operating Activities* (A)	1/200/000	(1,500,033
3)	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	_	22,180,489
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B)	-	22,180,489
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
()	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
	Finance cost paid	(5,877)	(7,301
	Interest paid	(202.017)	(1,274,707
	Repayment of borrowings (Net)	202,017	(20,673,977
	Net Cash Flows from / (used in) Financing Activities- (C)	(5,877)	(21,955,985
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C)	1,194,123	(1,343,591
	Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	1.045.682	2,389,273
	Cash &Cash Equivalents as at end of the year(Refer Note 1)	2,239,805	1,045,682
	e:		
1	Cash & Cash equivalents includes:		
	Cash in Hand	10,000	10,000
	Bank Balance -Current Account	2,229,805	1,035,682

2 The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indirect Method stated in Ind-AS7 on Cash Flow Statements and presents the cash flows by operating, investing and financing activities. Previous year's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary.

Figures in brackets represent cash outflows.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 0041885)

C.Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018

V.Venu Gopal Reddy Director

For and on behalf of the Board

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda Director

DIN No: 05157487

1. Corporate Information:

The company has been incorporated in April 25, 2008 as a private limited company and its registered office at KNR House, 3rd Floor Plot No. 114, Phase-I, Kavuri Hills Hyderabad. This company is subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Basis of Preparation & Presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

2.3 Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable, as per the operating cycle of the Company as per Schedule III to the Act.

2.4 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures certain financial instruments and other items in its financial statements at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within fair value hierarchy based on the low level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (observable inputs).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment(PPE)

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment in the manner and as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule-II to the Act except the below mentioned assets, and is generally recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

For the Assets costing up to Rs. 5,000 are depreciated fully in the year of purchase.

2.6 Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost less refundable taxes.

Amortization shall be based on the useful life of the trees (i.e assumed as 35 years)

2.7 Financial instruments

i. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial asset is

- Cash / Equity Instrument of another Entity,
- Contractual right to
 - a) receive Cash / another Financial Asset from another Entity, or
 - b) exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Entity.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortized cost;
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities

Financial liability is Contractual Obligation to

- deliver Cash or another Financial Asset to another Entity, or
- exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Entity

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial

liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

ii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

iii. Impairment

Impairment of financial instruments

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost
- Trade receivables

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances are considered as cash and cash equivalents.

2.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognised only when:

- a) An entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event
- b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- c) A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Reimbursement expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.10 Contingent liability, Contingent Assets and Commitments

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- a) A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- b) A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. Commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for
- b) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.
- c) Other commitments related to sales/procurements made in the normal course of business are not disclosed to avoid excessive details.

Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

2.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue shall be recognised when,

- (a) the company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods:
- (b) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (c) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- (d) the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.12 Cash Flow Statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with Ind AS 7 by using indirect method by segregating as cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Under the Cash flow from operating activities, the net profit is adjusted for the effects of Non-cash items, Changes in working capital and other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) are reflected as such in the Cash Flow Statement. Those amounts which are not considered in cash and cash equivalents as on the date of Balance Sheet are included in investing activities.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition).

2.13 Earnings per share

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury share.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.14 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.15 Key accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), income and expenses. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Estimates include the property plant and equipment, inventory, future obligations in respect of retirement benefit plans, provisions, fair value measurement and taxes etc.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financials assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model, which involve various judgements and assumptions.

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Particulars	Land - Free	22 22 23	Plant and	Electrical	Tractors &				(Amount
Particulars	Hold	Buildings	Equipment	Machinery	Harvesting Combines	Vehicles	Total	Capital Work- in-Progress	Grand T
Cost or Deemed cost									
As at April 1, 2016	23,650,578	1,261,831	2,849,396	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	30,807,744	11,686,133	42.40
Additions	85	* **	101 AT\$155.001		-//	202,500	30,007,744	11,000,133	42,49
Disposals/ Adjustments	(15,260,012)	5.	-	2			(15.200.012)	<u>=</u> ,	
As at March 31, 2017	8,390,566	1,261,831	2,849,396	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	(15,260,012)	11 505 100	(15,26
Accumulated Depreciation			-/- 15/550	2,002,040	1,130,000	202,900	15,547,732	11,686,133	27,23
As at April 1, 2016	¥	292,498	2,121,039	1,472,376	893,544	228,924	E 000 201		20 20
Charge for the period	- 1	47,111	270,751	73,515	93,575	11,070	5,008,381	354 135	5,00
Disposals/ Adjustments	- 1	-		70,515	55,575	11,070	496,022	354,125	85
As at March 31, 2017	-	339,609	2,391,790	1,545,891	987,119	239,994	5,504,403	254 125	F 0F
Net block				2/0 10/052	307,113	239,994	5,504,403	354,125	5,85
As at March 31, 2017	8,390,566	922,222	457,606	86,454	163,569	22,912	10,043,329	11,332,008	21,37
As at March 31, 2016	23,650,578	969,333	728,357	159,969	257,144	33,982	25,799,363	11,686,133	37,4
Cost or Deemed cost						33/332	23,733,303	11,000,133	37,41
As at April 1, 2017	8,390,566	1,261,831	2,849,396	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	15,547,732	11,686,133	27,23
Additions	- 1			•	-	-	20/0/1//02	11,000,155	27,23
Disposals/ Adjustments				-	-	<u></u>	2		
As at March 31, 2018	8,390,566	1,261,831	2,849,396	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	15,547,732	11,686,133	27,23
Accumulated Depreciation							20,0 1,7,752	11/000/133	27,23
As at April 1, 2017	- 1	339,609	2,391,790	1,545,891	987,119	239,994	5,504,403	354,125	5,85
Charge for the period		44,821	126,251	4,053	59,481	3,258	237,864	354,125	59
Disposals/ Adjustments		-		-	-	-		33 1,123	33
As at March 31, 2018	(C	384,430	2,518,041	1,549,944	1,046,600	243,252	5,742,267	708,250	6,45
Net block							77.12/207	700/250	0,43
As at March 31, 2018	8,390,566	877,401	331,355	82,401	104,088	19,654	9,805,465	10,977,883	20,78
As at March 31, 2017	8,390,566	922,222	457,606	86,454	163,569	22,912	10,043,329	11,332,008	21,3

Balance at the end of the period

			As	(Amount in Rs
			March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Unsecured, considered good Other Debts			2,043,290	1,643,29
Total		2112	2,043,290	1,643,29
5 - Cash and Cash Equivalents				(Amount in Rs
			As	at
Balances with banks:			March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
- in current accounts Cash on hand			2,229,805 10,000	1,035,66 10,0
Total			2,239,805	1,045,68
5 - Other Receivables				/A
			As March 31, 2018	(Amount in Rs at March 31, 2017
Security Deposits			1,200	1,20
Total			1,200	1,20
- Other Current Assets				
			As	(Amount in Rs
The second secon			March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
repaid Expenses			1,048	1,04
Total			1,048	1,04
- Equity Share Capital			As	(Amount in Rs
			March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Authorised Share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each			100,000	100,00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid share cap 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly owned subsidiary of KNR Construction			100,000	100,00
Total) -	100,000	100,00
3.1 The Company has only one class of shares referre entitled to one vote per share.			alue of Rs. 10/- , Each ho	lder of equity shares
3.2 The details of shareholder holding more than 5%	shares as at Mar	rch 31, 2018 and Ma	rch 31, 2017 is set out be	low:
Name of the shareholder	As at Mar No. of	ch 31, 2018	As at March	31, 2017
NR Constructions Ltd.,	Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
	10,000	100%	10,000	100%
3 The reconciliation of the number of shares outstar	As at Mar	cn 31, 2018	of the vear is set out be As at March	low: 31, 2017
Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount in Rupees	No. of Shares	Amount in Rupee
imber of Equity Shares at the beginning id:- Number of Shares Issued ss: Number of Shares Bought Back	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,00
imber of Equity Shares at the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,00
4 - Instruments entirely Equity in nature				(Amount in D
			As a	
			March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Loan from Holding Company (Refer Note: 26)		1,284,740	8,394,07

1,284,740

8,394,076

9 - Other Equity		
	As a	(Amount in Rs.)
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	1101011 51, 2010	Platett 31, 2017
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the period	(3,932,443)	(9,805,878)
Add: Profit /(Loss) for the period	7,153,060	5,873,435
	3,220,617	(3,932,443)
Balance at the end of the period	3,220,617	(3,932,443)
10 - Borrowings		
		(Amount in Rs.)
	As a	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Non-current		
Unsecured loans		
From related parties (Refer Note: 26)	2,504,262	2,302,245
Total	2,504,262	2,302,245
Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value as per Ind AS		
11 - Other Financial Liabilities		
		(Amount in Rs.)
	As a	t
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Current		
Advance Received From Related Parties (Refer note: 26)	17,929,572	17,139,074
Outstanding Expenses	29,500	63,605
Total	17,959,072	17,202,679

12 Revenue from Operations

Amount in Rs.) (ear ided 31, 2017 3,000,000
31, 2017
3,000,000
3,000,000
Amount in Rs.)
'ear
ided
31, 2017
(#)
6,920,477
6,920,477
Amount in Rs.) 'ear ided 31, 2017
31, 201/
357,280 600
47,812
405,692
ear
ear ded
ear
ded 31, 2017
ear ded 31, 2017 170,258
ear ded 31, 2017
,

	Year ended	(Amount in Rs.) Year ended
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Interest Expense on Interest Expense on Fair Value on interest free loans	202,017	1,274,707
Other Borrowing Costs Bank Charges	5,877	7,301
Total	207,894	1,282,008
17 Depreciation & Amortization Expense		(Amount in Rs.)
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Depreciation Amortization Expense (Capital Work-in-Progress Written off)	237,864 354,125	496,022 354,125
Total	591,989	850,147
18 Other Expenses		(Amount in Rs.
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Work Expenses		
Labour Charges Transportation, Loading & Unloading Charges Power Charges Repairs & Maintenance Petrol & Diesel - Plant & Machinery	66.800 3.997 153.983 6.789 69.805	574,800 6,050 150,846 8,773 81,230
Bore well / Site Expenses Sub-Total	301,374	18,000 839,699
General & Administration Expenses Travelling & Conveyance	10,800	14,333
Postage, Courier & Telephone Insurance Charges Legal & Professional Charges Rates & Taxes Audit Fee	3,284 32,192 3,500 50 29,500	6,054 16,031 10,500 3,240 25,000
Other Expenses Sub-Total	6,710 86,036	1,630 76,788
Total	387,410	916,487
19 Tax Expense	307,120	(Amount in Rs.
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Current tax	•	418,350
Total		418,350

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

20 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and for the future development of the Company. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return on capital to shareholders or issue of new shares.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 was as follows:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 201	
Total borrowings	2,504,262	2,302,245	
Less: cash and cash equivalents	2,239,805	1,045,682	
Adjusted net debt	264,457	1,256,563	
Total equity	4,605,357	4,561,633	
Adjusted equity	4,605,357	4,561,633	
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	0.06	0.28	

21 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

March 31, 2018 (Amount in Rs.) Carrying amount **Particulars** Total carrying FVTPL **Amortised Cost** amount Financial assets 2,043,290 2,043,290 Cash and cash equivalents 2,239,805 2,239,805 Other financial assets 1,200 1,200 4,284,295 4,284,295 Financial liabilities Unsecured Loan 2,504,262 2,504,262 Other financial liabilities 17,959,072 17,959,072 20,463,334 20,463,334

		Fair Value	(Amount in Rs.
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
,		2,043,290	2,043,290
		1,200	1,200
-	-	2,044,490	2,044,490
192	-	2,504,262	2,504,262
1/6		17,959,072	17,959,072
	-	20,463,334	20,463,334

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

21 27 2		Carrying amount	ž
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount
Financial assets			Simount
Trade Receivables		1,643,290	1,643,290
Cash and cash equivalents	3 €	1,045,682	1,045,682
Other financial assets	*	1,200	1,200
DEC MANAGEMENT VANCOR	-	2,690,172	2,690,172
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value			
Unsecured Loan	54V	2,302,245	2,302,245
Other financial liabilities	; = 2	17,202,679	17,202,679
		19,504,924	19,504,924

	Fair Value					
Total	rel 2 Level 3 T		Level 2 Level 3	Level 2	Level 1	
1,643,290	1,643,290					
1,200	1,200	2	241			
1,644,490	1,644,490	-	<u>. </u>			
2,302,245	2,302,245	. **				
17,202,679	17,202,679					
19,504,924	19,504,924	-	5. 7			

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements

21 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Contd..)

B. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments

a) credit risk b) liquidity risk

c) market risk

The company's focus is to estimate a vulnerability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial performance.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers; loans and investments in debt securities. The company is not exposed to credit risk as the trade receivables are for the minimal period.

b) Liquidity risk
Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company uses activity-based costing to cost its products and services, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimising its cash return on investments.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

As at March 31, 2018 (Amount in Rs.) Contractual Cash flows Particulars Total **Carrying Amount** Upto 1 year 1 to 3 Years More than 3 years Non-derivative financial liabilities Un Secured loans 2,504,262 751,279 1,752,983 2,504,262 Other financial liabilities 29,500 **29,500** 20,463,334 751,279 19,682,555 20,463,334

£		(Amount in Rs.)			
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities	100 - 100 -				
Un Secured loans	2,302,245	-	690,674	1,611,571	2,302,245
Other financial liabilities	17,202,679	63,605		17,139,074	17,202,679
	19,504,924	63,605	690,674	18,750,645	19,504,924

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no borrowing or no material payables in foreign currency

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since the Company has no variable interest bearing borrowings, the exposure to risk of changes in market interest rates is nil.

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to Price risk as it has no investments.

22. Contingent Liability and Commitments: Nil

23. Segment Reporting

there are no reportable segments under Ind AS 108

24. Auditor's remuneration charged to the accounts:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year Ended March 31, 2017
Audit fees	29,500	25,000

25. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 33 "Earnings Per Share(EPS)"

(Amount in Rs.)

	, v.	anount in its.)
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(basic)	71,53,060	58,73,435
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic)	10,000	
		10,000
Basic EPS	715.31	587.34
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(diluted)	71,53,060	58,73,435
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (diluted)	10,000	
		10,000
Diluted EPS	715.31	587.34

^{26.} As per Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosure" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the disclosures of transactions with the Related Parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are as follows:

A. List of related parties and relationships:

S. No.	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship
1	KNR Constructions Limited	Holding Company
2	Mr. M. Rajesh Reddy	Director
3	Mr. V. Venu Gopal Reddy	Director (appointed w.e.f 19-03-2018)
4	Mrs. K. Yashoda	Director (appointed w.e.f 19-03-2018)
5	Mr. K. Jalandhar Reddy	Director (resigned w.e.f 28-03-2018)

B. Transactions with related parties during the year ended

(Amount in Re

	·		(Amount in Rs.)
Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	March 31,2018	March 31,2017
	Advance received/(paid)	790,499	(21,34,475)
KNR Constructions Limited	Unsecured loan received/(repayment)	=	(2,06,73,977)
	Interest Expenses on Unsecured Loan (fair value)	2,02,017	12,74,707
	Derecognition of Financial Liability	(71,09,336)	-
Mr. K. Jalandhar Reddy	Advance received/(Repaid)	-	(2,53,000)

C. Balances outstanding

(Amount in Rs.)

			(Amount in Ks.)
Name of the related party	Nature transactions	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	Equity share capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
KNR Constructions Limited	Instrument entirely equity in nature	12,84,740	83,94,076
	Advance received	1,79,29,572	1,71,39,074
	Unsecured loan	25,04,262	23,02,245

27. Reconciliation between the Opening and Closing balances in the financial statement for Liabilities and Financial Assets arising from Financial Activities (Ind AS – 7)

1	Amou	ınt	in	Rs.
١	MILIOU			112

Particulars	Long Term Borrowings 23,02,245	
Opening Balance		
Cash flows	-	
- Received		
- Repayment		
Non Cash items	2,02,017	
Closing Balance	25,04,262	

28. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 23, 2018

29. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.004188S)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

C. Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2018 V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K·かんがな K. Yashoda

Director

DIN No: 05157487